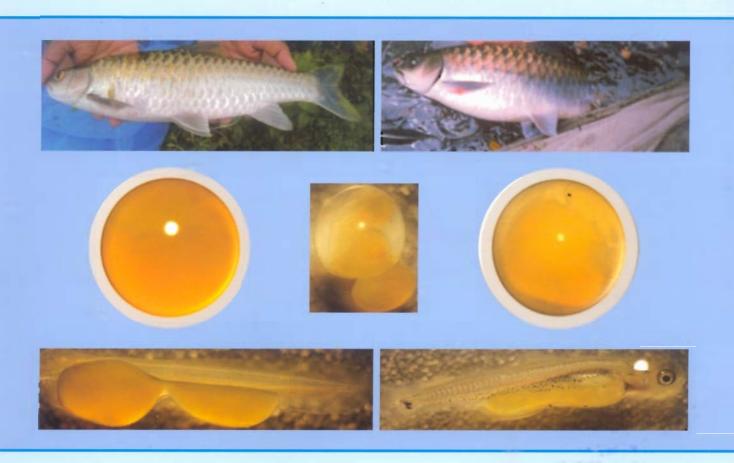
## Culture and breeding of chocolate mahseer

(Neolissochilus hexagonolepis)



New candidate species for diversification of hill aquaculture having sports and ornamental value



## **Directorate of Coldwater Fisheries Research**

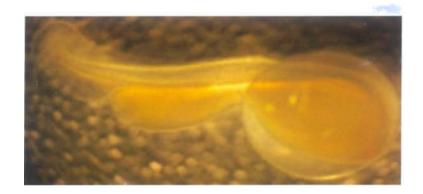
(Indian Council of Agricultural Research)

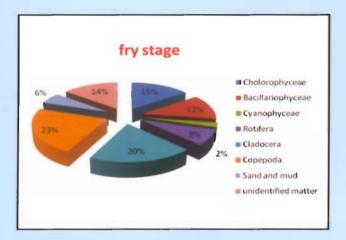
Bhimtal -263 136, Nainital (Uttarakhand) Phone: 05942- 247280/247279, Fax: 05942- 247693

Email: director@dcfr.res.in, Website: www.dcfr.res.in



- Mahseer fishery in the Indian sub-continent is constituted by seven species out of which six species are placed under the genus Tor and other in Neolissochilus.
- Neolissochilus hexagonolepis is a coldwater fish species belonging to the family Cyprinidae and is one of the member of the pride indigenous mahseer group.
- In India it is present in the hill stream water bodies of North-Eastern states.
- Neolissochilus hexagonolepis, the snub nosed chocolate mahseer is an economically important game as well as food fish.
- Distinguishing character-back olive green, silvery white on the belly, scales above the lateral line coppery colored, fins dark gray paling towards the margins.
- It is recognized as a cultural icon in the water bodies of high lands of Eastern Himalayan region.
- Chocolate manseer is easily adaptable in comparison to other manseer species.
- It thrives well in captive environment and can be grown well with other Indian major carps and Chinese carps in pond culture.
- The species have the potential to become a candidate species in the hill aquaculture systems in the Kumaun Himalayan regions of India considering the similarities of climatic conditions and as well is its adoption in captive rearing.
- The distribution of chocolate mahseer is available upto a gradient of 1500 msl in coldwater N-E states.
- It prefers an optimum temperature in the range of 19-23 degree centigrade for desirable growth.









Food content present in the gut of chocolate mahseer

- □ The study at DCFR, Bhimtal revealed that chocolate mahseer under temperature 19
   23 °C (March) gained high body weight as compared to the other months in both the culture systems.
- Chocolate mahseer doesn't show any competition while culturing with golden mahseer. Their growth performance results also indicate that both the species under culture were highly correlated with each other.
- The fecundity of chocolate mahseer is 6000-8000 eggs/kg. body weight, breeding period August-September, Fertilization- 95%, hatching- 80%, Incubation period 38-40 hrs., egg colour light yellow- lemmon yellow.

- It is a coldwater rheophilic fish
- Column to bottom dweller and occasionally rise to the surface for nibbling the flowing food item.
- Carni-omnivore in fry and fingerling stage & herbi-omnivore in juvenile stage.
- RGL values increased with the increase in length of the fish. RGL value is lowest in fry stage and intermediate in juvenile stage.
- Fry of chocolate mahseer are carni-omnivore, while the advanced fingerling and yearling are herbi-omnivore. Presence of sand and mud in the gut shows that fish is column to bottom dweller.







## **Edited & Compiled by**

Dr. Debajit Sarma Principal Scientist (Aquaculture)
Dr. M. S. Akhtar, Scientist (Fish Nutrition)

## Published by

Dr. P. C. Mahanta Director, DCFR Bhimtal



